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Poly[[triaqua(μ_3 -pyridine-2,4,6-tricarboxylato)terbium(III)] monohydrate]

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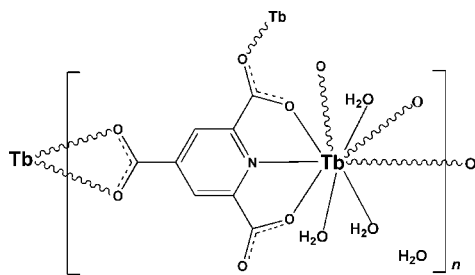
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 Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 293$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.005$ Å; R factor = 0.028; wR factor = 0.067; data-to-parameter ratio = 14.6.

The asymmetric unit of the title compound, $\{[\text{Tb}(\text{C}_8\text{H}_2\text{NO}_6)(\text{H}_2\text{O})_3 \cdot \text{H}_2\text{O}]_n\}$, contains one Tb^{III} ion, one pyridine-2,4,6-tricarboxylate (ptc) anion, three aqua ligands and one lattice water molecule. The Tb^{III} ion is nine coordinated by one N and five O atoms from three ptc ligands and by three O atoms from the three aqua ligands in a distorted bicapped trigonal-prismatic geometry. The ptc ligands bridge the Tb^{III} ions into a two-dimensional polymeric framework parallel to (100). An extensive $\text{O}-\text{H} \cdots \text{O}$ hydrogen-bonding network consolidates the crystal packing.

Related literature

For the crystal structures of related complexes, see: Das *et al.* (2009); Wang & Zhang (2009); Wang *et al.* (2010); Lin *et al.* (2011); Jin *et al.* (2012).



Experimental

Crystal data

 $[\text{Tb}(\text{C}_8\text{H}_2\text{NO}_6)(\text{H}_2\text{O})_3 \cdot \text{H}_2\text{O}]_n$
 $M_r = 439.09$
 Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$
 $a = 11.936$ (2) Å
 $b = 7.3343$ (15) Å
 $c = 13.516$ (3) Å

 $\beta = 96.43$ (3)°
 $V = 1175.8$ (4) Å³
 $Z = 4$
 Mo $K\alpha$ radiation

 $\mu = 6.07$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 293$ K
 $0.32 \times 0.30 \times 0.28$ mm

Data collection

 Rigaku R-Axis RAPID diffractometer
 Absorption correction: multi-scan (ABSCOR; Higashi, 1995)
 $T_{\text{min}} = 0.164$, $T_{\text{max}} = 0.183$

 10998 measured reflections
 2664 independent reflections
 2528 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.066$

Refinement

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.028$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.067$
 $S = 1.06$
 2664 reflections

 182 parameters
 H-atom parameters constrained
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 2.18$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -1.11$ e Å⁻³

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-H \cdots A$	$D-H$	$H \cdots A$	$D \cdots A$	$D-H \cdots A$
O7—H7A \cdots O5 ⁱ	0.83	1.98	2.642 (4)	136
O7—H7B \cdots O4 ⁱⁱ	0.84	2.45	2.966 (4)	120
O8—H8A \cdots O5 ⁱ	0.85	2.04	2.822 (4)	152
O8—H8B \cdots O10 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.81	1.95	2.760 (5)	174
O9—H9A \cdots O1 ^{iv}	0.81	2.00	2.808 (4)	179
O9—H9B \cdots O3 ^v	0.81	2.00	2.805 (4)	179
O10—H10A \cdots O6 ^{vi}	0.84	2.33	2.977 (5)	134
O10—H10B \cdots O7 ^{vi}	0.85	2.55	3.169 (5)	130

 Symmetry codes: (i) $-x, y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{3}{2}$; (ii) $x, -y + \frac{5}{2}, z - \frac{1}{2}$; (iii) $x, -y + \frac{3}{2}, z - \frac{1}{2}$; (iv) $-x + 1, y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{3}{2}$; (v) $x, y + 1, z$; (vi) $x, y - 1, z$.

Data collection: *RAPID-AUTO* (Rigaku, 1998); cell refinement: *RAPID-AUTO*; data reduction: *CrystalStructure* (Rigaku/MS, 2004); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXL97*.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: CV5315).

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supplementary materials

Acta Cryst. (2012). E68, m1017 [doi:10.1107/S1600536812028929]

Poly[[triaqua(μ_3 -pyridine-2,4,6-tricarboxylato)terbium(III)] monohydrate]**Hong-lin Zhu****Comment**

As an ongoing part of our investigations of the lanthanide complexes with pyridine-2,4,6-tricarboxylate (Jin *et al.*, 2012; Lin *et al.*, 2011), we report here the title compound with Tb (I).

In (I) (Fig.1), all bond lengths and angles are normal and correspond to those observed in isostructural polymeric compounds with Gd (Wang & Zhang, 2009), Sm (Wang *et al.*, 2010) and Dy (Wang *et al.*, 2010; Das *et al.*, 2009). Each Tb center is coordinated by three aqua ligands and three ptc ligands (H_3ptc = pyridine-2,4,6-tricarboxylate) to form 4,4'-bicapped trigonal prismatic $TbNO_8$ chromophore with a 4,4'-bicapped trigonal prismatic environment. The pyridyl N atom, 2-position and 6-position carboxylate group coordinated two Tb atoms, and the 4-position carboxylate group chelated one Tb atom.

The $TbNO_8$ chromophores are bridged by the ptc anions to form two-dimensional corrugated herringbone-like layers, which extend infinitely parallel to (100) (Fig. 2). The aqua ligands (O7, O8 and O9) donate hydrogen atom to carboxylate oxygen atoms (O4, O3 and O1) to form intralayer hydrogen bonds, and simultaneously O8 and O9 donate hydrogen atom to the carboxylate O5 to form interlayer hydrogen bonds (Table 1). Obviously, the former intralayer hydrogen bonding interactions contribute to stabilization of the two-dimensional layer, and the latter are found to be responsible for supramolecular assembly of the two-dimensional layers into a three-dimensional supramolecular architecture.

Experimental

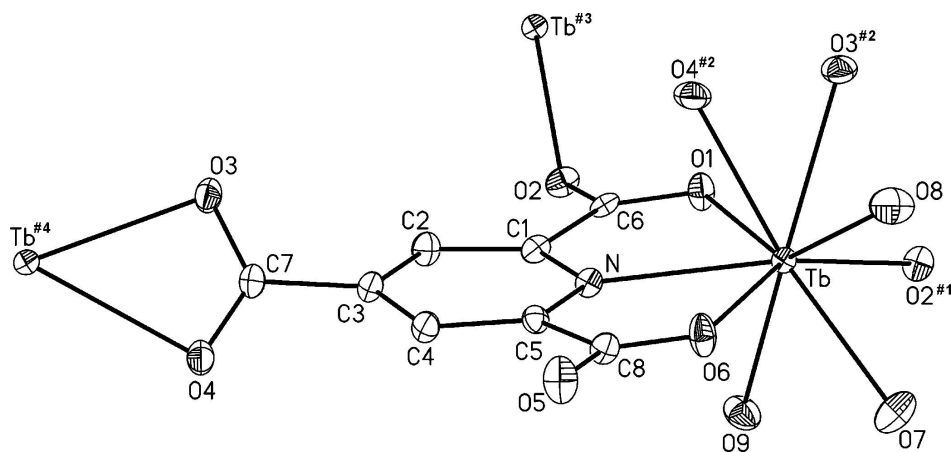
A mixture of Tb_4O_7 (0.0556 g, 0.075 mmol), pyridine-2,4,6-tricarboxylic acid (0.0649 g, 0.3 mmol) and H_2O (10 ml) was sealed into a 23 ml Teflon-lined stainless autoclave, which was heated up to 180°C for 4 days, and then cooled to room temperature. A small amount of colourless needle-shaped crystals were obtained.

Refinement

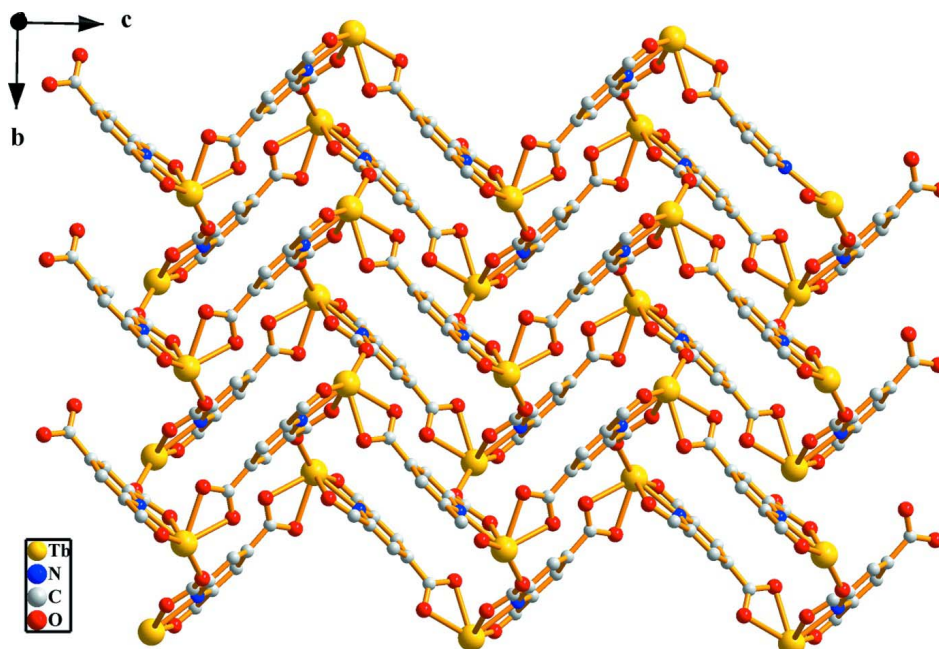
H atoms bonded to C atoms were placed in geometrically calculated position and were refined using a riding model, with $U_{iso}(H) = 1.2 U_{eq}(C)$. H atoms attached to O atoms were found in a difference Fourier synthesis and were refined using a riding model, with the O–H distances fixed as initially found and with $U_{iso}(H)$ values set at 1.2–1.5 $U_{eq}(O)$.

Computing details

Data collection: *RAPID-AUTO* (Rigaku, 1998); cell refinement: *RAPID-AUTO* (Rigaku, 1998); data reduction: *CrystalStructure* (Rigaku/MSK, 2004); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008).


Figure 1

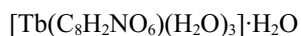
A portion of the crystal structure of (I) showing the atomic numbering and 45% probability displacement ellipsoids [symmetry codes: (#1) $-x + 1, y + 1/2, -z + 3/2$; (#2) $x, -y + 3/2, z - 1/2$; (#3) $-x + 1, y - 1/2, -z + 3/2$; (#4) $x, -y + 3/2, z + 1/2$]. H atoms omitted for clarity.


Figure 2

A portion of the two-dimensional polymeric framework in (I) viewed down the a axis. H atoms omitted for clarity

Poly[[triaqua(μ_3 -pyridine-2,4,6-tricarboxylato)terbium(III)] monohydrate]

Crystal data



$M_r = 439.09$

Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$

Hall symbol: $-P\ 2_1/c$

$a = 11.936(2)\ \text{\AA}$

$b = 7.3343(15)\ \text{\AA}$

$c = 13.516(3)\ \text{\AA}$

$\beta = 96.43(3)^\circ$

$V = 1175.8(4)\ \text{\AA}^3$

$Z = 4$

$F(000) = 840$

$D_x = 2.480\ \text{Mg m}^{-3}$

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$
 Cell parameters from 9883 reflections
 $\theta = 3.0\text{--}27.4^\circ$
 $\mu = 6.07 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

$T = 293 \text{ K}$
 Block, colorless
 $0.32 \times 0.30 \times 0.28 \text{ mm}$

Data collection

Rigaku R-AXIS RAPID
 diffractometer
 Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube
 Graphite monochromator
 Detector resolution: 0 pixels mm^{-1}
 ω scan
 Absorption correction: multi-scan
 (ABSCOR; Higashi, 1995)
 $T_{\min} = 0.164$, $T_{\max} = 0.183$

10998 measured reflections
 2664 independent reflections
 2528 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.066$
 $\theta_{\max} = 27.4^\circ$, $\theta_{\min} = 3.0^\circ$
 $h = -15 \rightarrow 15$
 $k = -9 \rightarrow 9$
 $l = -17 \rightarrow 15$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2
 Least-squares matrix: full
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.028$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.067$
 $S = 1.06$
 2664 reflections
 182 parameters
 0 restraints
 Primary atom site location: structure-invariant
 direct methods
 Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
 map

Hydrogen site location: inferred from
 neighbouring sites
 H-atom parameters constrained
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0172P)^2 + 1.9544P]$
 where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} = 0.001$
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 2.18 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -1.11 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
 Extinction correction: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick,
 2008), $F_c^* = kF_c[1 + 0.001x F_c^2 \lambda^3 / \sin(2\theta)]^{-1/4}$
 Extinction coefficient: 0.0031 (4)

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Tb	0.285028 (12)	1.21386 (2)	0.704284 (11)	0.01088 (9)
N	0.2959 (2)	1.0044 (4)	0.8499 (2)	0.0132 (5)
C1	0.3926 (3)	0.9190 (5)	0.8812 (2)	0.0140 (6)
C2	0.3992 (3)	0.7853 (5)	0.9547 (3)	0.0165 (7)
H2A	0.4669	0.7266	0.9750	0.020*
C3	0.3023 (3)	0.7424 (5)	0.9978 (3)	0.0167 (7)
C4	0.2025 (3)	0.8380 (5)	0.9689 (3)	0.0160 (7)
H4A	0.1382	0.8183	1.0000	0.019*
C5	0.2033 (3)	0.9641 (5)	0.8917 (2)	0.0141 (7)
C6	0.4904 (3)	0.9703 (4)	0.8255 (2)	0.0137 (6)
O1	0.4681 (2)	1.0675 (4)	0.74843 (18)	0.0186 (5)

O2	0.58643 (19)	0.9109 (3)	0.85646 (18)	0.0168 (5)
C7	0.2986 (3)	0.5894 (5)	1.0710 (2)	0.0162 (7)
O3	0.3445 (2)	0.4402 (4)	1.05122 (18)	0.0209 (5)
O4	0.2479 (2)	0.6092 (4)	1.14653 (19)	0.0238 (6)
C8	0.0984 (3)	1.0619 (5)	0.8451 (3)	0.0163 (7)
O5	0.0075 (2)	1.0267 (4)	0.8774 (2)	0.0250 (6)
O6	0.1127 (2)	1.1688 (4)	0.7744 (2)	0.0228 (6)
O7	0.1990 (2)	1.5188 (4)	0.7163 (2)	0.0262 (6)
H7A	0.1317	1.5476	0.7166	0.031*
H7B	0.2563	1.5872	0.7231	0.031*
O8	0.1356 (3)	1.2471 (4)	0.5676 (2)	0.0296 (7)
H8A	0.0844	1.3275	0.5632	0.050*
H8B	0.1167	1.1746	0.5237	0.050*
O9	0.3781 (2)	1.3706 (4)	0.85261 (19)	0.0243 (6)
H9A	0.4225	1.4272	0.8240	0.029*
H9B	0.3690	1.3909	0.9095	0.029*
O10	0.0703 (4)	0.4780 (5)	0.9079 (3)	0.0481 (9)
H10A	0.0413	0.4022	0.8662	0.058*
H10B	0.1358	0.4736	0.8891	0.058*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Tb	0.00838 (12)	0.01147 (13)	0.01279 (13)	-0.00008 (5)	0.00110 (8)	0.00033 (5)
N	0.0100 (13)	0.0133 (13)	0.0162 (13)	-0.0010 (11)	0.0007 (11)	0.0008 (11)
C1	0.0118 (15)	0.0129 (16)	0.0164 (15)	0.0003 (12)	-0.0022 (13)	-0.0011 (12)
C2	0.0119 (17)	0.0182 (19)	0.0188 (18)	0.0026 (12)	-0.0008 (15)	0.0034 (12)
C3	0.0205 (18)	0.0126 (15)	0.0168 (18)	0.0009 (14)	0.0015 (16)	0.0023 (13)
C4	0.0133 (16)	0.0159 (17)	0.0200 (17)	0.0012 (13)	0.0073 (14)	0.0029 (14)
C5	0.0141 (15)	0.0150 (17)	0.0127 (15)	0.0000 (12)	0.0000 (13)	0.0005 (12)
C6	0.0140 (15)	0.0084 (15)	0.0185 (16)	0.0013 (12)	0.0015 (13)	-0.0025 (12)
O1	0.0135 (11)	0.0220 (13)	0.0209 (12)	0.0040 (10)	0.0048 (10)	0.0084 (10)
O2	0.0109 (11)	0.0172 (13)	0.0215 (12)	0.0043 (9)	-0.0015 (10)	-0.0011 (10)
C7	0.0151 (16)	0.0159 (17)	0.0173 (16)	-0.0001 (13)	0.0001 (14)	0.0042 (13)
O3	0.0251 (13)	0.0172 (13)	0.0209 (12)	0.0047 (10)	0.0049 (11)	0.0059 (10)
O4	0.0320 (15)	0.0197 (14)	0.0214 (13)	0.0071 (11)	0.0108 (12)	0.0069 (10)
C8	0.0132 (15)	0.0160 (16)	0.0200 (16)	0.0008 (13)	0.0027 (14)	0.0017 (13)
O5	0.0092 (11)	0.0335 (16)	0.0321 (14)	-0.0009 (10)	0.0022 (11)	0.0106 (12)
O6	0.0162 (12)	0.0288 (15)	0.0242 (14)	0.0063 (11)	0.0052 (11)	0.0133 (11)
O7	0.0150 (12)	0.0184 (14)	0.0441 (17)	0.0012 (10)	-0.0016 (12)	0.0001 (12)
O8	0.0257 (16)	0.0348 (16)	0.0257 (16)	0.0121 (12)	-0.0084 (14)	-0.0057 (12)
O9	0.0280 (14)	0.0269 (15)	0.0180 (12)	-0.0104 (12)	0.0029 (11)	-0.0044 (11)
O10	0.067 (2)	0.041 (2)	0.0368 (17)	0.0117 (18)	0.0046 (18)	-0.0032 (15)

Geometric parameters (\AA , $^\circ$)

Tb—O2 ⁱ	2.324 (2)	C5—C8	1.518 (4)
Tb—O6	2.382 (3)	C6—O2	1.253 (4)
Tb—O8	2.432 (3)	C6—O1	1.266 (4)
Tb—O1	2.448 (2)	O2—Tb ⁱⁱⁱ	2.324 (2)

Tb—O9	2.465 (3)	C7—O4	1.253 (4)
Tb—O7	2.474 (3)	C7—O3	1.266 (4)
Tb—N	2.488 (3)	C7—Tb ^{iv}	2.878 (3)
Tb—O4 ⁱⁱ	2.518 (3)	O3—Tb ^{iv}	2.528 (3)
Tb—O3 ⁱⁱ	2.528 (3)	O4—Tb ^{iv}	2.518 (3)
Tb—C7 ⁱⁱ	2.878 (3)	C8—O5	1.241 (4)
N—C5	1.329 (4)	C8—O6	1.263 (4)
N—C1	1.340 (4)	O7—H7A	0.8302
C1—C2	1.392 (5)	O7—H7B	0.8454
C1—C6	1.506 (5)	O8—H8A	0.8470
C2—C3	1.387 (6)	O8—H8B	0.8095
C2—H2A	0.9293	O9—H9A	0.8057
C3—C4	1.400 (5)	O9—H9B	0.8018
C3—C7	1.500 (5)	O10—H10A	0.8390
C4—C5	1.396 (5)	O10—H10B	0.8498
C4—H4A	0.9271		
O2 ⁱ —Tb—O6	149.38 (9)	C5—N—C1	119.3 (3)
O2 ⁱ —Tb—O8	97.26 (11)	C5—N—Tb	120.1 (2)
O6—Tb—O8	73.97 (11)	C1—N—Tb	120.3 (2)
O2 ⁱ —Tb—O1	75.64 (9)	N—C1—C2	122.2 (3)
O6—Tb—O1	128.99 (8)	N—C1—C6	114.5 (3)
O8—Tb—O1	141.98 (10)	C2—C1—C6	123.2 (3)
O2 ⁱ —Tb—O9	75.06 (9)	C3—C2—C1	118.5 (3)
O6—Tb—O9	94.10 (10)	C3—C2—H2A	120.6
O8—Tb—O9	142.78 (10)	C1—C2—H2A	120.9
O1—Tb—O9	72.40 (10)	C2—C3—C4	119.5 (3)
O2 ⁱ —Tb—O7	75.90 (9)	C2—C3—C7	122.3 (3)
O6—Tb—O7	73.49 (10)	C4—C3—C7	118.2 (3)
O8—Tb—O7	71.63 (10)	C5—C4—C3	117.6 (3)
O1—Tb—O7	138.26 (9)	C5—C4—H4A	121.2
O9—Tb—O7	71.18 (9)	C3—C4—H4A	121.2
O2 ⁱ —Tb—N	133.27 (9)	N—C5—C4	122.7 (3)
O6—Tb—N	64.57 (9)	N—C5—C8	113.9 (3)
O8—Tb—N	129.16 (11)	C4—C5—C8	123.3 (3)
O1—Tb—N	64.56 (9)	O2—C6—O1	124.9 (3)
O9—Tb—N	70.47 (9)	O2—C6—C1	118.5 (3)
O7—Tb—N	119.42 (10)	O1—C6—C1	116.6 (3)
O2 ⁱ —Tb—O4 ⁱⁱ	125.16 (9)	C6—O1—Tb	123.2 (2)
O6—Tb—O4 ⁱⁱ	82.13 (10)	C6—O2—Tb ⁱⁱⁱ	135.5 (2)
O8—Tb—O4 ⁱⁱ	76.72 (10)	O4—C7—O3	122.2 (3)
O1—Tb—O4 ⁱⁱ	77.54 (9)	O4—C7—C3	120.2 (3)
O9—Tb—O4 ⁱⁱ	137.60 (9)	O3—C7—C3	117.6 (3)
O7—Tb—O4 ⁱⁱ	144.19 (9)	O4—C7—Tb ^{iv}	60.86 (18)
N—Tb—O4 ⁱⁱ	69.89 (9)	O3—C7—Tb ^{iv}	61.32 (18)
O2 ⁱ —Tb—O3 ⁱⁱ	74.43 (9)	C3—C7—Tb ^{iv}	177.3 (2)
O6—Tb—O3 ⁱⁱ	126.72 (10)	C7—O3—Tb ^{iv}	92.6 (2)
O8—Tb—O3 ⁱⁱ	70.88 (10)	C7—O4—Tb ^{iv}	93.4 (2)
O1—Tb—O3 ⁱⁱ	71.25 (9)	O5—C8—O6	126.4 (3)

O9—Tb—O3 ⁱⁱ	137.04 (9)	O5—C8—C5	118.0 (3)
O7—Tb—O3 ⁱⁱ	127.92 (9)	O6—C8—C5	115.6 (3)
N—Tb—O3 ⁱⁱ	112.14 (9)	C8—O6—Tb	125.7 (2)
O4 ⁱⁱ —Tb—O3 ⁱⁱ	51.80 (9)	Tb—O7—H7A	129.7
O2 ⁱ —Tb—C7 ⁱⁱ	100.00 (10)	Tb—O7—H7B	101.9
O6—Tb—C7 ⁱⁱ	104.70 (10)	H7A—O7—H7B	128.4
O8—Tb—C7 ⁱⁱ	71.93 (10)	Tb—O8—H8A	125.8
O1—Tb—C7 ⁱⁱ	72.68 (9)	Tb—O8—H8B	127.7
O9—Tb—C7 ⁱⁱ	144.85 (10)	H8A—O8—H8B	105.4
O7—Tb—C7 ⁱⁱ	142.43 (9)	Tb—O9—H9A	96.4
N—Tb—C7 ⁱⁱ	90.95 (10)	Tb—O9—H9B	140.3
O4 ⁱⁱ —Tb—C7 ⁱⁱ	25.75 (10)	H9A—O9—H9B	122.1
O3 ⁱⁱ —Tb—C7 ⁱⁱ	26.05 (9)	H10A—O10—H10B	95.6

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+1, y+1/2, -z+3/2$; (ii) $x, -y+3/2, z-1/2$; (iii) $-x+1, y-1/2, -z+3/2$; (iv) $x, -y+3/2, z+1/2$.

Hydrogen-bond geometry ($\text{\AA}, ^\circ$)

<i>D</i> —H \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H \cdots <i>A</i>
O7—H7A \cdots O5 ^v	0.83	1.98	2.642 (4)	136
O7—H7B \cdots O4 ^{vi}	0.84	2.45	2.966 (4)	120
O8—H8A \cdots O5 ^v	0.85	2.04	2.822 (4)	152
O8—H8B \cdots O10 ⁱⁱ	0.81	1.95	2.760 (5)	174
O9—H9A \cdots O1 ⁱ	0.81	2.00	2.808 (4)	179
O9—H9B \cdots O3 ^{vii}	0.81	2.00	2.805 (4)	179
O10—H10A \cdots O6 ^{viii}	0.84	2.33	2.977 (5)	134
O10—H10B \cdots O7 ^{viii}	0.85	2.55	3.169 (5)	130

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+1, y+1/2, -z+3/2$; (ii) $x, -y+3/2, z-1/2$; (v) $-x, y+1/2, -z+3/2$; (vi) $x, -y+5/2, z-1/2$; (vii) $x, y+1, z$; (viii) $x, y-1, z$.